



# Parallel slide centring element

## double acting, max. operating pressure 500 bar



### 1 Description of the product

#### Description

By a clever arrangement of the centre of rotation to the hydraulic piston the retaining force of a clamping jaw is three times higher than the clamping force. If only one clamping jaw acts at the workpiece, the clamping force is twice as large. This happens as long as the workpiece is moved to the centre.

#### Clamping jaws

The clamping jaws, to be manufactured by the customer according to the special application, are precisely positioned at the clamping slide by means of a centre pin and a lateral key. The clamping jaws are fixed from above by means of 3 screws and from the side by 1 screw.

The above figure shows a parallel slide centring element with clamping jaws and contact bolts. The clamping process is effected from the inside to the outside (interior clamping).

### 2 Validity of the documentation

This document applies to the following products:

Parallel slide centring element of the data sheet H 4.307. The following types or part numbers are concerned:

#### Parallel slide centring element

- 4316 120, 160, 200

### 3 Target group of this document

- Specialists, fitters and set-up men of machines and installations with hydraulic expert knowledge.

#### Qualification of the personnel

**Expert knowledge** means that the personnel must

- be in the position to read and completely understand technical specifications such as circuit diagrams and product-specific drawing documents,
- have expert knowledge (electric, hydraulic, pneumatic knowledge, etc.) of function and design of the corresponding components.

5 An **expert** is somebody who has due to its professional education and experiences sufficient knowledge and is familiar with the relevant regulations so that he

- 6 • can judge the entrusted works,
- 6 • can recognize the possible dangers,
- 7 • can take the required measures to eliminate dangers,
- 7 • knows the acknowledged standards, rules and guidelines of the technology.
- 7 • has the required knowledge for repair and mounting.

## Table of contents

1 Description of the product	1
2 Validity of the documentation	1
3 Target group of this document	1
4 Symbols and signal words	2
5 For your safety	2
6 Application	2
7 Installation	3
8 Start up	5
9 Maintenance	5
10 Trouble shooting	6
11 Technical characteristics	6
12 Storage	7
13 Disposal	7
14 Declaration of manufacture	7

## 4 Symbols and signal words

### **WARNING**

#### **Person damage**

Stands for a possibly dangerous situation.

If it is not avoided, death or very severe injuries will result.

### **CAUTION**

#### **Easy injuries / property damage**

Stands for a possibly dangerous situation.

If it is not avoided, minor injuries or material damages will result.

#### **Hazardous to the environment**



The symbol stands for important information for the proper handling with materials that are hazardous to the environment.

Ignoring these notes can lead to heavy damages to the environment.

### **Note**

This symbol stands for tips for users or especially useful information. This is no signal word for a dangerous or harmful situation.

## 5 For your safety

### 5.1 Basic information

The operating instructions serve for information and avoidance of dangers when installing the products into the machine as well as information and references for transport, storage and maintenance.

Only in strict compliance with these operating instructions, accidents and property damages can be avoided as well as trouble-free operation of the products can be guaranteed.

Furthermore, the consideration of the operating instructions will:

- avoid injuries
- reduce down times and repair costs,
- increase the service life of the products.

### 5.2 Safety instructions

The product was manufactured in accordance with the generally accepted rules of the technology.

Observe the safety instructions and the operating instructions given in this manual, in order to avoid personal damage or material damage.

- Read these operating instructions thoroughly and completely, before you work with the product.
- Keep these operating instructions so that they are accessible to all users at any time.
- Pay attention to the current safety regulations, regulations for accident prevention and environmental protection of the country in which the product will be used.
- Use the ROEMHELD product only in perfect technical condition.
- Observe all notes on the product.
- Use only accessories and spare parts approved by the manufacturer in order to exclude danger to persons because of not suited spare parts.
- Respect the intended use.

- You only may start up the product, when it has been found that the incomplete machine or machine, in which the product shall be mounted, corresponds to the country-specific provisions, safety regulations and standards.
- Perform a risk analysis for the incomplete machine, or the machine.

Due to the interactions between the product and the machine/fixture or the environment, risks may arise that only can be determined and minimized by the user, e.g. :

- generated forces,
- generated movements,
- Influence of hydraulic and electrical control,
- etc.

## 6 Application

### 6.1 Intended use

The products are used in industrial applications to transform hydraulic pressure to a radial movement and /or force. They must only be operated with hydraulic oil.

Furthermore the following belongs to possible uses:

- Use within the capacity indicated in the technical characteristics.
- Use as per operating instructions.
- Compliance with service intervals.
- Qualified and trained personnel for the corresponding activities.
- Mounting of spare parts only with the same specifications as the original part.

### 6.2 Misapplication

### **WARNING**

#### **Injuries, material damages or malfunctions!**

- Do not modify the product!

The use of these products is not admitted:

- For domestic use.
- On pallets or machine tool tables in primary shaping and metal forming machine tools.
- If due to physical / chemical effects (vibrations, welding currents or others) damages of the products or seals can be caused.
- In machines, on pallets or machine tool tables that are used to change the characteristics of the material (magnetise, radiation, photochemical procedures, etc.).
- In areas for which special guidelines apply, especially installations and machines:
  - For the use on fun fairs and in leisure parks.
  - In food processing or in areas with special hygiene regulations.
  - For military purposes.
  - In mines.
  - In explosive and aggressive environments (e.g. ATEX).
  - In medical engineering.
  - In the aerospace industry.
  - For passenger transport.
- For other operating and environmental conditions e.g.:
  - Higher operating pressures than indicated on the data sheet or installation drawing.
  - With hydraulic fluids that do not correspond to the specifications.
  - Higher flow rates than indicated on the data sheet or installation drawing.

**Special solutions are available on request!**

## 7 Installation

### ⚠️ WARNING

#### Injury by high-pressure injection (squirting out of hydraulic oil under high pressure)!

- Improper connection can lead to escapes of oil under high pressure at the connections.
- Mounting or dismantling of the element must only be made in depressurised mode of the hydraulic system.
- Connection of the hydraulic line as per DIN 3852/ISO 1179.
- Unused connections have to be locked professionally.
- Use all mounting holes.

#### Injury by high-pressure injection (squirting out of hydraulic oil under high pressure)!

Wear, damage of the seals, ageing and incorrect mounting of the seal kit by the operator can lead to escapes of oil under high pressure.

- Before using them make a visual control.

#### Injury by falling parts!

- Keep hands and other parts of the body out of the working area.
- Wear personal protection equipment!

#### Poisoning due to contact with hydraulic oil!

Wear, damage of the seals, ageing and incorrect mounting of the seal kit by the operator can lead to escapes of oil.

Incorrect connection can lead to escapes of oil at the ports.

- For handling with hydraulic oil consider the material safety data sheet.
- Wear protection equipment.

### ⚠️ CAUTION

#### Great weight may fall

Some product types have a considerable weight. These have to be secured against working free during transport.

Weight specifications see chapter "Technical characteristics".

### ℹ️ NOTE

#### Aggressive cutting fluids

If aggressive cutting fluids and coolants with swarf can penetrate in the area of the clamping jaws of single-acting fixture clamps, this has to be prevented by the customer.

#### Smooth running

Pay attention to smooth running when mounting!

## 7.1 Design

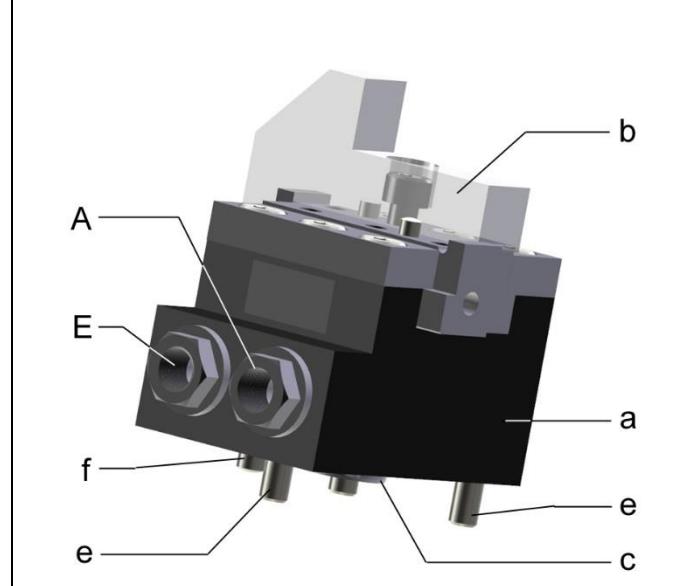


Figure 1: Design

A	Extending	b	Clamping jaw
B	Retracting	c	Eccentric ring
a	Body	e	Fixing screws (3 off)
f	Dowel pin		

The following clamping possibilities are available:

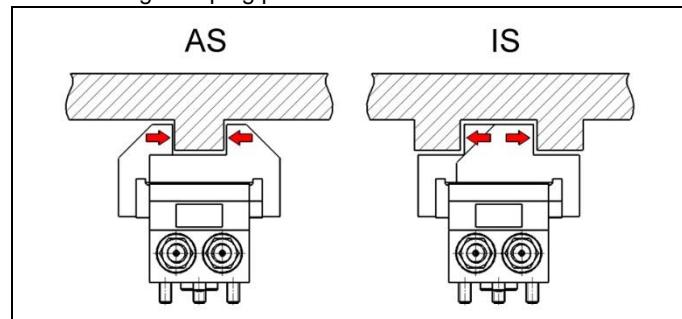


Figure 2: Clamping possibilities

## 7.2 Admissible oil flow rate

### ⚠️ WARNING

#### Injury due to overload of the element

#### High-pressure injection (squirting out of hydraulic oil under high pressure) or flying components!

- Due to throttling or closing of ports a pressure intensification can occur.
- Connect the ports professionally!

### ⚠️ CAUTION

#### Maximum flow rates do not exceed

The maximum flow rate must not be exceeded.

### 7.2.1 Calculation of the admissible flow rate

#### Admissible flow rate

The admissible flow rate or the admissible stroke speed is valid for vertical mounting positions in combination with standard add-on parts as clamping arms or contact bolts, etc.

In case of other mounting positions and/or add-on parts the flow rate has to be reduced.

If the pump flow rate divided by the number of elements is larger than the admissible flow rate of one element, the flow rate has to be throttled.

This prevents an overload and therewith an early failure.

The flow rate can be checked as follows:

$$Q_p \leq 0,06 \cdot V_z \cdot n \text{ and/or } Q_p \leq 6 \cdot v_z \cdot A_k \cdot n$$

for clamping elements and work supports (indicated on the data sheets)

#### Maximum piston speed

At specified pump flow rate  $Q_p$  and with the effective piston area  $A_k$  the piston speed can be calculated as follows:

$$v_m < \frac{Q_p}{6 \cdot A_k \cdot n}$$

#### Legend

$V_z$  = Admissible flow rate of the element in [cm<sup>3</sup>/s]

$Q_p$  = Flow rate of the pump in [l/min]

$A_k$  = Piston area in [cm<sup>2</sup>]

$n$  = Number of elements, same dimensions

$v_z = v_m$  = Admissible/maximum stroke speed in [m/s]

#### NOTE

##### Flow rate

- The maximum oil volume and/or the maximum stroke speed depend on the corresponding product.
- For clamping cylinders see data sheet A 0.100.
- For clamping elements, work supports, hydraulic valves, power units and other hydraulic elements indicated on the corresponding data sheets.

Further "things worth knowing about hydraulic cylinders, basics, detailed knowledge and calculations on hydraulic cylinders" see Technical information on the internet!

### 7.2.2 Throttling of the flow rate

The throttling always has to be effected in the supply line to the element. Only thus pressure intensification and thereby pressures exceeding the operating pressure are avoided. The hydraulic circuit diagram shows flow control valves which allow oil return from the element without any impediments.

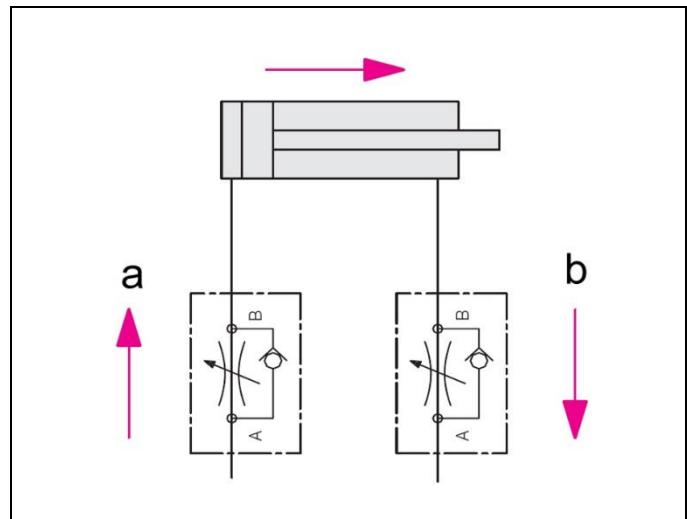


Figure 3: Hydraulic circuit diagram without flow control valves

a Throttling direction

b Free flow

If a return-flow throttling is required due to a negative load, it must be guaranteed that the max. operating pressure (see technical characteristics) will not be exceeded.

### 7.3 Installation of pipe-mounted types

- Clean the support surfaces.
- Fasten the element support at the flange surface (see figure "Mounting types").

#### ⚠ WARNING

##### Injury by falling products!

Safety shoes have to be worn to avoid injuries due to falling objects.

#### NOTE

##### Tightening

- To determine the tightening torque of the fixing screws a screw calculation as per VDI 2230 page 1 has to be effected. The screw material is indicated in the chapter "Technical characteristics".

#### NOTE

##### Tightening torques

- The tightening torques for the fixing screws have to be designed with reference to the application (e. g. as per VDI 2230).

Proposals and approximate values for the tightening torques see chapter "Technical characteristics".

### 7.4 Installation of manifold-mounted types

- Clean the support surfaces.
- Position and fix on the fixture.
- Install bleeding screws at the upper ends of the piping.

**NOTE**
**Tightening torques**

- The tightening torques for the fixing screws have to be designed with reference to the application (e. g. as per VDI 2230).

Proposals and approximate values for the tightening torques see chapter "Technical characteristics".

**7.5 Connection of the hydraulic equipment**

- Connect hydraulic lines to qualifying standards and pay attention to scrupulous cleanliness!

**NOTE**
**More details**

- See ROEMHELD data sheets A 0.100, F 9.300, F 9.310 and F 9.360.

**Screwed Plug**

- Use only fittings "screwed plug B and E" as per DIN 3852 (ISO 1179).

**hydraulic connection**

- Do not use sealing tape, copper rings or coned fittings.

**Pressure fluids**

- Use hydraulic oil as per ROEMHELD data sheet A 0.100.

**8 Start up**
**WARNING**
**Poisoning due to contact with hydraulic oil!**

Wear, damage of the seals, ageing and incorrect mounting of the seal kit by the operator can lead to escapes of oil.

Incorrect connection can lead to escapes of oil at the ports.

- For handling with hydraulic oil consider the material safety data sheet.
- Wear protection equipment.

**Injury by crushing!**

Components of the product make a movement while they are in operation.

- This can cause injuries.
- Keep parts of the body and items out of the working area!

**Injury by crushing!**

- Due to the stored energy, an unexpected start of the product can occur.
- Maintenance works at the product must only be made in de-pressurised mode!
- Keep hands and other parts of the body out of the working area!

**CAUTION**
**Operating pressure of 500 bar does not exceed**

The maximum operating pressure of 500 bar must not be exceeded.

- Check tight seat.
- Check tight seat of the hydraulic ports (check tightening torque of the hydraulic ports).
- Bleed the hydraulic system.

**NOTE**
**Clamping time**

- Without bleeding the clamping time will be considerably prolonged and function problems may occur.

**8.1 Bleeding of pipe-mounted types**

- Loosen carefully at low pressure union nut of the pipe at the hydraulic ports.
- Pump until bubble free oil comes out.
- Fasten union nuts of the pipe.
- Check tightness.

**8.2 Bleeding of manifold-mounted types**

- Loosen carefully the bleeding screws of the fixture at low pressure.
- Pump until bubble free oil comes out.
- Fasten the bleeding screws.
- Check correct function.
- Check sealing of the hydraulic connections!

**9 Maintenance**
**9.1 Plan for maintenance**

Maintenance works	Interval	Realisation
Cleaning	As required With increased dirt and coolant ingress more frequently!	Operator
Regular checks	daily	Operator
Regular lubrication	Every 50,000 clamping cycles, lubricate with ALTEMP QNB 50 * through lubricating nipple (i).  ► Note With increased dirt and coolant ingress lubrication must be made more frequently!	<b>Caution !</b> If this lubrication will not be made, this can lead to a failure or interference of the floating clamping!  Operator or central lubrication
Repair		Qualified personnel

\* Brand name

Description as per DIN 51 502: KPHC 2 N-40.

Description as per ISO 6743-9: ISO-L-X-DDHB 2

## 9.2 Cleaning

### ⚠ CAUTION

#### Avoid damages of the moved components

Avoid damages of the moved components (rods, plungers, bolts, etc.) as well as of wiper and seal.

#### Aggressive cleaning agents

The product must not be cleaned with:

- Corrosive or corroding components or
- Organic solvents as halogen or aromatic hydrocarbons and ketones (cellulose thinner, acetone, etc.), because this can destroy the seals.

The element must be cleaned at regular intervals. Especially the clamping slide and the housing have to be cleaned of swarf and other liquids.

In the case of heavy contamination, the cleaning has to be made in shorter intervals.

## 9.3 Regular checks

1. Check tightness of hydraulic connections (visual control).
2. Leakage control at the housing and the clamping slide.
3. Clamping force control by pressure control.
4. Check the observance of the maintenance intervals.

## 9.4 Exchange seal kit

The exchange of the seal kit is made in case of external leakages. For high availability, the seals have to be changed at the latest after 1,000,000 cycles or 2 years.

The seal kit is available as spare part. An instruction for the exchange of the seal kit is available on request.

### ℹ NOTE

#### Seal Kits

- Do not install seal kits which were exposed to light for a longer time.
- Pay attention to the storage conditions (see chapter "Technical characteristics").
- Only use original seals.

## 10 Trouble shooting

Trouble	Cause	Remedy
Clamping unit does not approach	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clamping unit is dirty</li> <li>• Swarf jammed between the clamping unit and mounting body</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clean and grease</li> <li>• Remove swarf, clean and grease</li> </ul>
Clamping unit has too much play:	Guide worn out	Exchange clamping claw, exchange component, if required.
Clamping pressure reduces due to leakages at the fixture clamp:	Wear at the seals	Renew seals.
Clamping unit does not firmly clamp during machining:	Locking of the clamping unit does not function.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check connections</li> <li>• Renew seals.</li> </ul>

## 11 Technical characteristics

#### General characteristics

Type	Maximum operating pressure [bar]	Maximum clamping force [kN]
4316-120	500	2.8
4316-160	500	5.0
4316-200	500	8.8

#### Weights

Types	Stroke/jaw [mm]	Weight [kg]
4316-120	6	1.7
4316-160	7	2.7
4316-200	8	4.4

**Proposal, tightening torques for screws of tensile strength 8.8, 10.9, 12.9**

### ℹ NOTE

The indicated values are approximate values and have to be interpreted according to the user's application!  
 See note!

Thread	Tightening torque [Nm]		
	8.8	10.9	12.9
M3	1,3	1,8	2,1
M4	2,9	4,1	4,9
M5	6,0	8,5	10
M6	10	15	18
M8	25	36	45
M10	49	72	84
M12	85	125	145
M14	135	200	235
M16	210	310	365
M20	425	610	710
M24	730	1050	1220
M30	1,450	2100	2450

**Note:** Valid for workpieces and set screws made of steel with metric thread and connecting surface dimensions as per DIN 912, 931, 933, 934 / ISO 4762, 4014, 4017, 4032

In the table values for tightening torques the following is considered:

Design steel/steel, friction value  $\mu_{ges}$  = 0.14 - not oiled, utilisation of the minimum yield point = 90%.

## NOTE

### Further information

- For further technical data see ROEMHELD data sheet. H4307

## 12 Storage

### CAUTION

#### Storage of components!

- The product may not be exposed to direct solar radiation, because the UV light can destroy the seals.
- A storage differing from the storage conditions is inadmissible.
- In case of improper storage, the seals can embrittle and resinification of the anti-corrosive oil or corrosion at the element can occur.

The elements are tested by default with mineral oil. The exterior of the elements is treated with a corrosion inhibitor.

The oil film remaining after the test provides for a six-month interior corrosion protection, if stored in dry and uniformly tempered rooms.

For longer storage times, the element has to be filled with a non-resinifying corrosion inhibitor and the outside surfaces must be treated.

## 13 Disposal

### Hazardous to the environment



Due to possible environmental pollution, the individual components must be disposed only by an authorised expert company.

The individual materials have to be disposed as per the existing regulations and directives as well as the environmental conditions.

Special attention has to be drawn to the disposal of components with residual portions of hydraulic fluids. The instructions

for the disposal at the material safety data sheet have to be considered.

For the disposal of electrical and electronic components (e.g. stroke measuring systems, proximity switches, etc.) country-specific legal regulations and specifications have to be kept.

## 14 Declaration of manufacture

### Manufacturer

Römhled GmbH Friedrichshütte  
 Römhledstraße 1-5  
 35321 Laubach, Germany  
 Tel.: +49 (0) 64 05 / 89-0  
 Fax: +49 (0) 64 05 / 89-211  
 E-mail: info@roemheld.de  
 www.roemheld.com

### Declaration of manufacture of the products

They are designed and manufactured in line with the relevant versions of the directives **2006/42/EC**(EC MSRL) and in compliance with the valid technical rules and standards.

In accordance with EC-MSRL, these products are components, that are not yet ready for use and are exclusively designed for the installation in a machine, a fixture or a plant.

According to the pressure equipment directives the products are not to be classified as pressure reservoirs but as hydraulic placing devices, since pressure is not the essential factor for the design, but the strength, the inherent stability and solidity with regard to static or dynamic operating stress.

The products may only be put into operation after it was assessed that the incomplete machine / machine, in which the product shall be installed, corresponds to the machinery directives (2006/42/EC).

The manufacturer commits to transmit the special documents of the products to state authorities on request.

The technical documentation as per appendix VII part B was prepared for the products.

Responsible person for the documentation:  
 Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Jürgen Niesner, Tel.: +49(0)6405 89-0.

**Römhled GmbH**  
**Friedrichshütte**

Laubach, 10.01.2020