



Work supports

Off-position extended - contact by spring force, single acting



1 Description of the product

Hydraulic work supports are used to provide a self-adjusting rest for the workpiece during the machining operations. They compensate the workpiece surface irregularities, also deflection and vibration under machining loads.

Hydraulic oil is fed through drilled channels in the fixture body. Hydraulic locking is made together with hydraulic clamping of the workpiece, or independently.

The support plunger is provided with female thread to enable the use of threaded pieces for height adjustment. The internal part of the work support is protected against dust and swarf by a sintered metal air filter.

2 Validity of the documentation

This document applies to the following products:

Work supports of data sheet B 1.900. The following types or part numbers are concerned:

- 1901-002
- 1902-002
- 1903-002
- 1904-002

3 Target group of this document

- Specialists, fitters and set-up men of machines and installations with hydraulic expert knowledge.

Qualification of the personnel

Expert knowledge means that the personnel must

- be in the position to read and completely understand technical specifications such as circuit diagrams and product-specific drawing documents,
- have expert knowledge (electric, hydraulic, pneumatic knowledge, etc.) of function and design of the corresponding components.

An **expert** is somebody who has due to its professional education and experiences sufficient knowledge and is familiar with the relevant regulations so that he

- can judge the entrusted works,
- can recognize the possible dangers,
- can take the required measures to eliminate dangers,
- knows the acknowledged standards, rules and guidelines of the technology.
- has the required knowledge for repair and mounting.

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4 Symbols and signal words

WARNING

Person damage

Stands for a possibly dangerous situation.
 If it is not avoided, death or very severe injuries will result.

CAUTION

Easy injuries / property damage

Stands for a possibly dangerous situation.
 If it is not avoided, minor injuries or material damages will result.

Hazardous to the environment



The symbol stands for important information for the proper handling with materials that are hazardous to the environment.
 Ignoring these notes can lead to heavy damages to the environment.



Mandatory sign!

The symbol stands for important information, necessary protection equipment, etc.

NOTE

- This symbol stands for tips for users or especially useful information. This is no signal word for a dangerous or harmful situation.

5 For your safety

5.1 Basic information

The operating instructions serve for information and avoidance of dangers when installing the products into the machine as well as information and references for transport, storage and maintenance.

Only in strict compliance with these operating instructions, accidents and property damages can be avoided as well as trouble-free operation of the products can be guaranteed.

Furthermore, the consideration of the operating instructions will:

- avoid injuries
- reduce down times and repair costs,
- increase the service life of the products.

5.2 Safety instructions

The product was manufactured in accordance with the generally accepted rules of the technology.

Observe the safety instructions and the operating instructions given in this manual, in order to avoid personal damage or material damage.

- Read these operating instructions thoroughly and completely, before you work with the product.
- Keep these operating instructions so that they are accessible to all users at any time.
- Pay attention to the current safety regulations, regulations for accident prevention and environmental protection of the country in which the product will be used.
- Use the ROEMHELD product only in perfect technical condition.
- Observe all notes on the product.
- Use only accessories and spare parts approved by the manufacturer in order to exclude danger to persons because of not suited spare parts.
- Respect the intended use.

- You only may start up the product, when it has been found that the incomplete machine or machine, in which the product shall be mounted, corresponds to the country-specific provisions, safety regulations and standards.
- Perform a risk analysis for the incomplete machine, or the machine.

Due to the interactions between the product and the machine/fixture or the environment, risks may arise that only can be determined and minimized by the user, e.g. :

- generated forces,
- generated movements,
- Influence of hydraulic and electrical control,
- etc.

6 Application

6.1 Intended use

Work supports are used for industrial applications in order to protect workpieces against vibration and deflection.

Furthermore the following belongs to possible uses:

- Use within the capacity indicated in the technical data sheets.
- Use as per operating instructions.
- Compliance with service intervals.
- Qualified and trained personnel for the corresponding activities.
- Mounting of spare parts only with the same specifications as the original part.

They must only be operated with hydraulic oil.

6.2 Misapplication

WARNING

Injuries, material damages or malfunctions!

- Do not modify the product!

CAUTION

Transverse forces

The products are not suitable to compensate side loads.

The use of these elements is not admitted:

- On pallets or machine tool tables in primary shaping and metal forming machine tools.
- If due to vibrations or other physical / chemical effects damages of the elements or seals can be caused.
- On pallets or machine tool tables that are used to change the characteristics of the material (magnetise, radiation, photochemical procedures, etc.).
- In food industry.
- In mines.
- In hospitals.
- Offshore or near coasts.
- In explosive and aggressive environments.
- In the aerospace industry.
- In systems for passenger transportation.
- Single-acting elements must not be used as accumulator.
- The elements are not designed to compensate side loads.

7 Installation

⚠ WARNING

Injury by high-pressure injection (squirting out of hydraulic oil under high pressure)!

- Improper connection can lead to escapes of oil under high pressure at the connections.
- Mounting or dismounting of the element must only be made in depressurised mode of the hydraulic system.
- Connection of the hydraulic line as per DIN 3852/ISO 1179.
- Unused connections have to be locked professionally.
- Use all mounting holes.

Injury by high-pressure injection (squirting out of hydraulic oil under high pressure)!

Wear, damage of the seals, ageing and incorrect mounting of the seal kit by the operator can lead to escapes of oil under high pressure.

- Before using them make a visual control.

Injury by falling parts!

- Keep hands and other parts of the body out of the working area.
- Wear personal protection equipment!

Poisoning due to contact with hydraulic oil!

Wear, damage of the seals, ageing and incorrect mounting of the seal kit by the operator can lead to escapes of oil.

Incorrect connection can lead to escapes of oil at the ports.

- For handling with hydraulic oil consider the material safety data sheet.
- Wear protection equipment.

⚠ CAUTION

Great weight may fall

Some product types have a considerable weight. These have to be secured against working free during transport. Weight specifications see chapter "Technical characteristics".

Transverse forces and forced states to bolt

Side loads and forced conditions on the plunger lead to premature failure.

- Provide external guides.
- Avoid forced conditions (overdetermination) of the plunger. Do not introduce any torques.

NOTE

Vent connection

- If there is a possibility that aggressive cutting lubricants and coolants penetrate through the sintered metal air filter into the interior of single-acting products, a vent hose has to be connected and be placed in a protected position.
- It is absolutely necessary to follow the instructions for venting of the spring area see data sheet G0.110.

7.1 Design

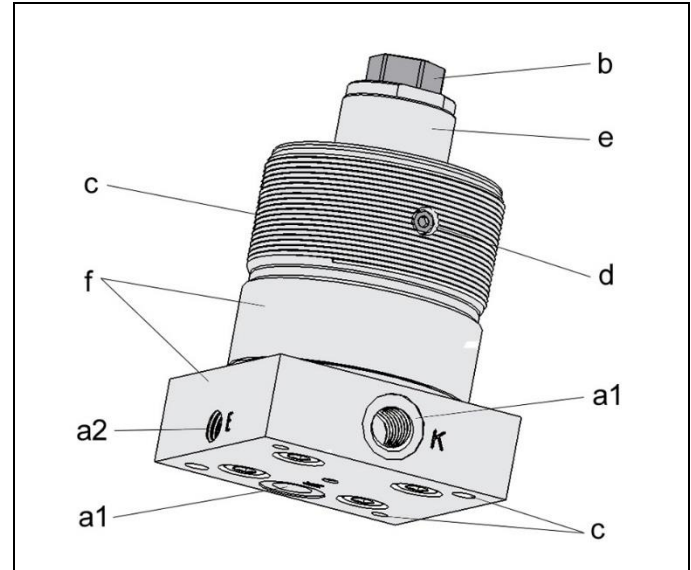


Figure 1: Components

a1 Hydraulic port in the flange, K Locking.	c Fixing possibility, screw on and in
a2 Port to connect vent hose ND6 by hose fitting.	d Bleeding screw to bleed the system
b Contact bolt (accessory)	e Plunger
	f Body and flange

Contact of the plunger by spring force

The plunger is extended in off-position.

7.2 Adjustable spring force

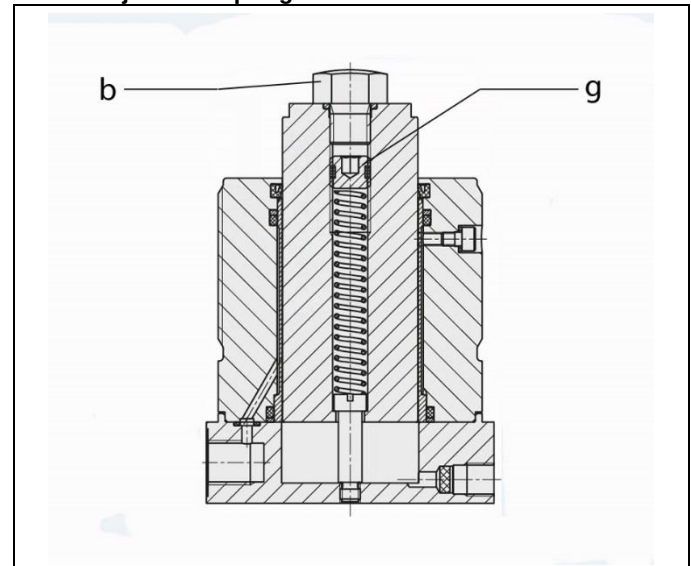


Figure 2: Adjust spring force

b Contact bolt with sealing ring	g Adjusting screw with thread sealing ring
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1. Loosen contact bolt **(b)** with sealing ring.
2. Increase spring force, screw adjusting screw **(g)** downwards.
3. Reduce spring force, screw adjusting screw **(g)** upwards.
4. Screw in contact bolt **(b)** with sealing ring.

NOTE

Spring force

Spring force should not be used to lift workpieces.

Contact bolt

Work supports must only be operated with a sealed contact bolt.

Contact bolts and extensions

Contact bolts and extensions with large weight can influence the functions of this component.

Thread sealing ring

The thread sealing ring can be reassembled maximally 3 times, then the thread sealing ring must be replaced.

7.3 Mounting types

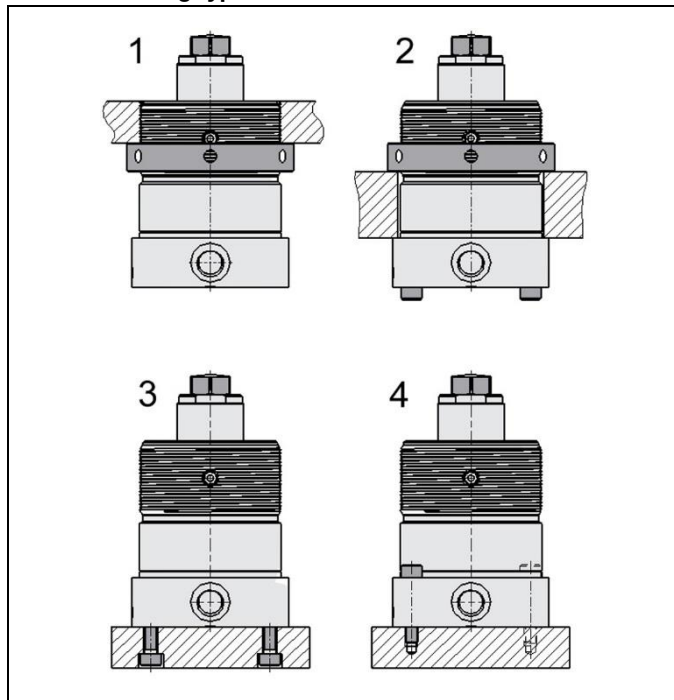


Figure 3: Fixing possibilities

1 Screwed in, locked with nut	3 Fixed from below on the fixture
2 Locked in the through hole with nuts	4 Fixed from above on the fixture

7.4 Instructions for safe operation

CAUTION

Transverse forces

The products are not suitable to compensate side loads.

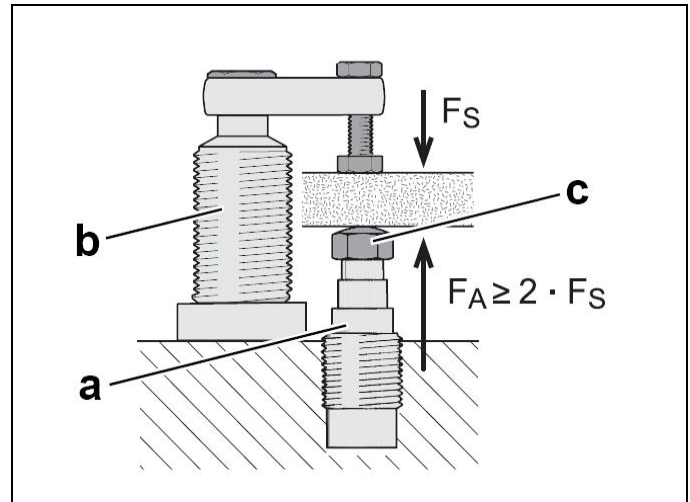


Figure 4: Principle, force flow during support

a Work support	c Contact bolt
b Swing clamp	

- Design the operating pressure so that support force F_A is more than twice the clamping force F_S . This reserve allows the compensation of machining forces.
- The recommended operating pressure is at least 100 bar.
- Operate the work supports only with mounted contact bolt to avoid damage of the plunger and penetration of liquids.
- Contact bolts and extensions with large weight can influence the functions of the work support.

7.5 Admissible oil flow rate

WARNING

Injury due to overload of the element

High-pressure injection (squirting out of hydraulic oil under high pressure) or flying components!

- Due to throttling or closing of ports a pressure intensification can occur.
- Connect the ports professionally!

CAUTION

Maximum flow rates do not exceed

The maximum flow rate must not be exceeded.

7.5.1 Calculation of the admissible flow rate

Admissible flow rate

The admissible flow rate or the admissible stroke speed is valid for vertical mounting positions in combination with standard add-on parts as clamping arms or contact bolts, etc.

In case of other mounting positions and/or add-on parts the flow rate has to be reduced.

If the pump flow rate divided by the number of elements is larger than the admissible flow rate of one element, the flow rate has to be throttled.

This prevents an overload and therewith an early failure.

The flow rate can be checked as follows:

$$Q_P \leq 0,06 \cdot \dot{V}_Z \cdot n \quad \text{and/or} \quad Q_P \leq 6 \cdot v_Z \cdot A_K \cdot n$$

for clamping elements and work supports (indicated on the data sheets)

Maximum piston speed

At specified pump flow rate Q_P and with the effective piston area A_K the piston speed can be calculated as follows:

$$v_m < \frac{Q_P}{6 \cdot A_K \cdot n}$$

Legend

$\dot{V}_Z$ = Admissible flow rate of the element in [cm³/s]

Q_P = Flow rate of the pump in [l/min]

A_K = Piston area in [cm²]

n = Number of elements, same dimensions

$v_Z = v_m$ = Admissible/maximum stroke speed in [m/s]

NOTE

Flow rate

- The maximum oil volume and/or the maximum stroke speed depend on the corresponding product.
 - For clamping cylinders see data sheet A 0.100.
 - For clamping elements, work supports, hydraulic valves, power units and other hydraulic elements indicated on the corresponding data sheets.

Further "things worth knowing about hydraulic cylinders, basics, detailed knowledge and calculations on hydraulic cylinders" see Technical information on the internet!

7.5.2 Throttling of the flow rate

The throttling always has to be effected in the supply line to the element. Only thus pressure intensification and thereby pressures exceeding the operating pressure are avoided. The hydraulic circuit diagram shows flow control valves which allow oil return from the element without any impediments.

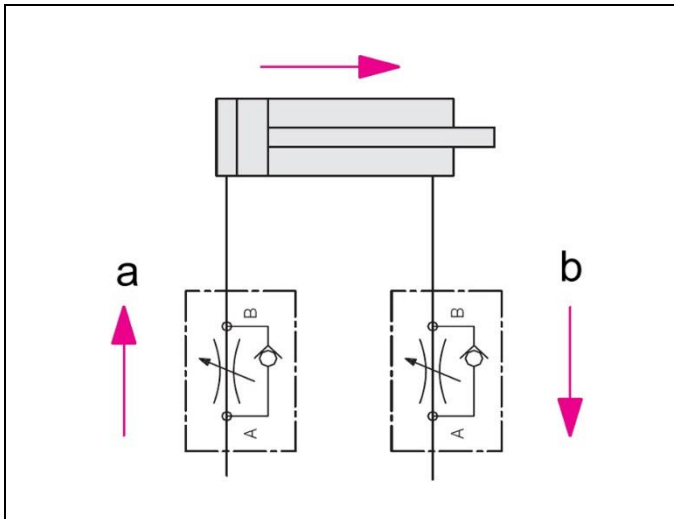


Figure 5: Hydraulic circuit diagram without flow control valves

a	Throttling direction
b	Free flow

If a return-flow throttling is required due to a negative load, it must be guaranteed that the max. operating pressure (see technical characteristics) will not be exceeded.

7.6 Installation of pipe-mounted types

- Clean the support surfaces.
- Fasten the element support at the flange surface (see figure "Mounting types").

WARNING

Injury by falling products!

Safety shoes have to be worn to avoid injuries due to falling objects.

NOTE

Tightening

- To determine the tightening torque of the fixing screws a screw calculation as per VDI 2230 page 1 has to be effected. The screw material is indicated in the chapter "Technical characteristics".

Tightening torques

- The tightening torques for the fixing screws have to be designed with reference to the application (e. g. as per VDI 2230).

Proposals and approximate values for the tightening torques see chapter "Technical characteristics".

7.7 Installation of manifold-mounted types

WARNING

Injury by falling products!

Safety shoes have to be worn to avoid injuries due to falling objects.

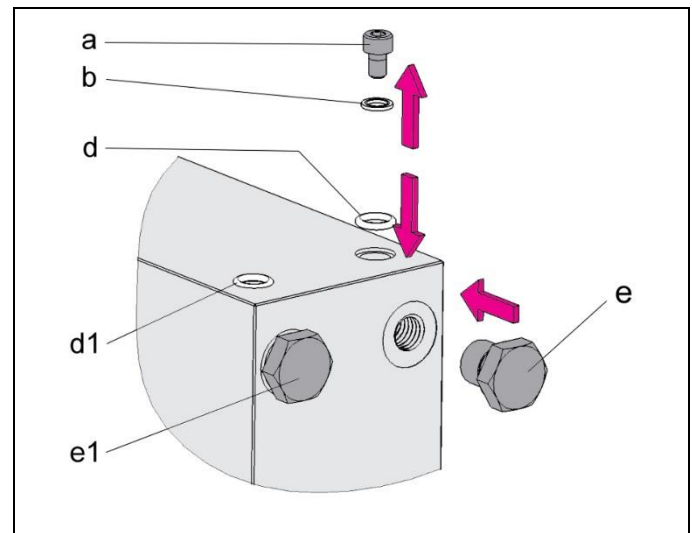


Figure 6: Example, preparation for hydraulic ports without pipes

NOTE

The arrangement of the ports

- The shown figure is a schematic diagram. The arrangement of the ports depends on the respective product (see chapter "Design").

a	Socket head cap screw	d1	Mounted O-ring
b	Sealing ring	e	Screw plug (accessory)
d	O-ring (accessory, depending on the version)	e1	Mounted screw plug

1. Drill the holes for hydraulic oil supply and return in the fixture (see also data sheet).
2. Grind or finish mill the manifold-mounting surface ($R_a \geq 0.8$ and a flatness of 0.04 mm to 100 x 100 mm, marks, scratches, shrink holes, concentric machining marks are inadmissible).

For some versions:

- 3a. Remove socket head cap screws and sealing rings, insert o-rings (accessories, if required).
 - 3b. Tighten pipe ports with screw plugs (accessories, if required)
4. Clean the support surfaces.
 5. Position and fasten on the fixture.
 6. Install bleeding screws at the upper ends of the piping.

NOTE

Tightening torques

- The tightening torques for the fixing screws have to be designed with reference to the application (e. g. as per VDI 2230).

Proposals and approximate values for the tightening torques see chapter "Technical characteristics".

7.8 Screwing into the fixture

WARNING

Injury by crushing!

- Due to protruding components there can be pinch points during installation.
- Keep hands and fingers away from pinch points!

Injury by cutting!

- Sharp-edged threads can cause cut injuries.
- Wear personal protection equipment!



For works at and with the product, wear protective gloves!

- Cut thread into the fixture and lock the product with a lock nut
- or
- Put into a through bore hole and tighten with two lock nuts

7.9 Connection of the hydraulic equipment

1. Connect hydraulic lines to qualifying standards and pay attention to scrupulous cleanness (A = Extend, B = Retract)!

NOTE

More details

- See ROEMHELD data sheets A 0.100, F 9.300, F 9.310 and F 9.360.

Screwed Plug

- Use only fittings "screwed plug B and E" as per DIN 3852 (ISO 1179).

hydraulic connection

- Do not use sealing tape, copper rings or coned fittings.

Pressure fluids

- Use hydraulic oil as per ROEMHELD data sheet A 0.100.

8 Start up

WARNING

Poisoning due to contact with hydraulic oil!

Wear, damage of the seals, ageing and incorrect mounting of the seal kit by the operator can lead to escapes of oil.

Incorrect connection can lead to escapes of oil at the ports.

- For handling with hydraulic oil consider the material safety data sheet.
- Wear protection equipment.

Injury by crushing!

Components of the product make a movement while they are in operation.

- This can cause injuries.
- Keep parts of the body and items out of the working area!

Injury by crushing!

- Due to the stored energy, an unexpected start of the product can occur.
- Maintenance works at the product must only be made in de-pressurised mode!
- Keep hands and other parts of the body out of the working area!

CAUTION

Operating pressure of 500 bar does not exceed

The maximum operating pressure of 500 bar must not be exceeded.

1. Check tight seat.
2. Check tight seat of the hydraulic ports (check tightening torque of the hydraulic ports).
3. Bleed the hydraulic system.

NOTE

Clamping time

- Without bleeding the clamping time will be considerably prolonged and function problems may occur.

8.1 Bleeding of pipe-mounted types

1. Loosen carefully at low pressure union nut of the pipe at the hydraulic ports.
 2. Pump until bubble free oil comes out.
 3. Fasten union nuts of the pipe.
 4. Check tightness.
1. For elements with bleeding screw, loosen bleeding screw at low oil pressure.
 2. Pump until bubble free oil comes out.
 3. Fasten the bleeding screw.

9 Maintenance

WARNING

Burning due to hot surface!

- In operating conditions, surface temperatures of more than 70 °C can appear at the product.
- All maintenance and repair works must only be effected in cooled mode or with safety gloves.

9.1 Cleaning

CAUTION

Avoid damages of the moved components

Avoid damages of the moved components (rods, plungers, bolts, etc.) as well as of wiper and seal.

Aggressive cleaning agents

The product must not be cleaned with:

- Corrosive or corroding components or
- Organic solvents as halogen or aromatic hydrocarbons and ketones (cellulose thinner, acetone, etc.), because this can destroy the seals.

The product must be cleaned at regular intervals, especially the area of the piston or the plunger housing has to be cleaned from swarf and other liquids.

In the case of heavy contamination, cleaning must be made at shorter intervals.

Note

Special care must be taken with:

- dry machining
- minimum quantity lubrication and
- small grinding swarf

Small swarf and dust can stick to the rod / plunger of the element and be pulled into the sealing gap of the metallic wiper edge.

Thus, a sticky / pasty mass of swarf / dust can arise that hardens during standstill.

Result: Malfunction due to deadlock / bonding and increased wear.

Remedy: Regular cleaning of the piston rod/support plunger in the effective area of the wiper.

9.2 Regular checks

1. Check tightness of hydraulic connections (visual control).
2. Check running surfaces (of the piston rod or bolt) if there are marks and scratches. Traces of marks can be an indication for a contaminated hydraulic system or an inadmissible side load of the block cylinder.
3. Leakage check at the housing - piston rod, bolt or flange.
4. Clamping force control by pressure control.
5. Check if the maintenance intervals are kept.

9.3 Exchange seal kit

The exchange of the seal kit is made in case of external leakages. For high availability, the seals have to be changed at the latest after 500,000 cycles or 2 years.

The seal kit is available as spare part. An instruction for the exchange of the seal kit is available on request.

NOTE

Seal Kits

- Do not install seal kits which were exposed to light for a longer time.
- Pay attention to the storage conditions (see chapter "Technical characteristics").
- Only use original seals.

10 Trouble shooting

Trouble	Cause	Remedy
Plunger does not extend	Oil flow rate too high	Reduce oil flow rate
	Inner parts corroded	Repair required by ROEMHELD
	Penetration of cooling liquids	Repair required by ROEMHELD
	Broken spring	Repair required by ROEMHELD
Plunger does not retract	Inner parts corroded	Repair required by ROEMHELD
	Penetration of cooling liquids	Repair required by ROEMHELD
	Broken return spring	Repair required by ROEMHELD
Plunger moves back	Operating pressure not sufficient	Check the dimensioning of the operating pressure as per catalogue
		Adjust the operating pressure correspondingly
	Load (clamping and machining force) too high	Check dimensioning of the load
		Adjust the operating pressure correspondingly
		Use other elements (work support/swing clamp)

11 Technical characteristics

General characteristics

Types	Maximum operating pressure	Admissible load force
	[bar]	[kN]
1901-002 1902-002	500	32.0
1903-002 1904-002	500	48.0

Gewichte

Types	Stroke	Weight
	[mm]	[kg]
1901-002 1902-002	16	2.7
1903-002 1904-002	18	3.8

Proposal, tightening torques for screws of tensile strength 8.8, 10.9, 12.9

NOTE

The indicated values are approximate values and have to be interpreted according to the user's application!
See note!

Thread	Tightening torque [Nm]		
	8.8	10.9	12.9
M3	1,3	1,8	2,1
M4	2,9	4,1	4,9
M5	6,0	8,5	10
M6	10	15	18
M8	25	36	45
M10	49	72	84
M12	85	125	145
M14	135	200	235
M16	210	310	365
M20	425	610	710
M24	730	1050	1220
M30	1,450	2100	2450

Note: Valid for workpieces and set screws made of steel with metric thread and connecting surface dimensions as per DIN 912, 931, 933, 934 / ISO 4762, 4014, 4017, 4032
In the table values for tightening torques the following is considered:
Design steel/steel, friction value $\mu_{ges} = 0.14$ - not oiled, utilisation of the minimum yield point = 90%.

NOTE

Further information

- For further technical data see ROEMHELD data sheet. B1900

12 Storage

CAUTION

Storage of components!

- The product may not be exposed to direct solar radiation, because the UV light can destroy the seals.
- A storage differing from the storage conditions is inadmissible.
- In case of improper storage, the seals can embrittle and resinification of the anti-corrosive oil or corrosion at the element can occur.

The elements are tested by default with mineral oil. The exterior of the elements is treated with a corrosion inhibitor.
The oil film remaining after the test provides for a six-month interior corrosion protection, if stored in dry and uniformly tempered rooms.
For longer storage times, the element has to be filled with a non-resinifying corrosion inhibitor and the outside surfaces must be treated.

13 Disposal



Hazardous to the environment

Due to possible environmental pollution, the individual components must be disposed only by an authorised expert company.

The individual materials have to be disposed as per the existing regulations and directives as well as the environmental conditions.

Special attention has to be drawn to the disposal of components with residual portions of hydraulic fluids. The instructions for the disposal at the material safety data sheet have to be considered.

For the disposal of electrical and electronic components (e.g. stroke measuring systems, proximity switches, etc.) country-specific legal regulations and specifications have to be kept.

14 Declaration of manufacture

Manufacturer

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www.roemheld.com

Declaration of manufacture of the products

They are designed and manufactured in line with the relevant versions of the directives **2006/42/EC** (EC MSRL) and in compliance with the valid technical rules and standards.
In accordance with EC-MSRL, these products are components, that are not yet ready for use and are exclusively designed for the installation in a machine, a fixture or a plant.

According to the pressure equipment directives the products are not to be classified as pressure reservoirs but as hydraulic placing devices, since pressure is not the essential factor for the design, but the strength, the inherent stability and solidity with regard to static or dynamic operating stress.

The products may only be put into operation after it was assessed that the incomplete machine / machine, in which the product shall be installed, corresponds to the machinery directives (2006/42/EC).

The manufacturer commits to transmit the special documents of the products to state authorities on request.
The technical documentation as per appendix VII part B was prepared for the products.

Responsible person for the documentation:
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Römheld GmbH
Friedrichshütte

Laubach, 07.01.2020